We claim:

1) A compound of the general formula (I)

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wherein A represents the divalent radical of a cyclic compound of the general formula (II)

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where B is an alicyclic or heterocyclic group, and

A¹, A² and A³ are the same or different and have the meaning of A or represent =NR, where R is hydrogen, unsubstituted phenyl, phenyl substituted by 1, 2, 3 or 4 radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, R⁰, OR⁰, SR⁰, NH₂, NHR⁰, NR⁰₂, NO₂, COOH, COOR⁰, CONH₂, CONHR⁰, CONR⁰₂, CN, SO₃H, SO₂(OR⁰), SO₂R⁰, or by a 5- to 7-membered heteroaromatic radical having 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms from the group consisting of N, O and S; a 5- to 7-membered heteroaromatic radical having 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms from the group consisting of N, O and S; and NH₂, NHR⁰, NR⁰₂, NHCONH₂ or NHCONHR⁰, where R⁰ is C₁-C₁₈-20 alkyl or C₆-C₂₄-aryl.

- 2) The compound according to claim 1 wherein one of A¹, A² and A³ has the meaning of A.
- 25 3) The compound according to claim 1 wherein two of A¹, A² and A³ have the meaning of A.

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- 4) The compound according to claim 1 wherein A¹, A² and A³ have the meaning of A.
- 5 5) The compound according to at least one of claims 1 to 4 wherein A represents the divalent radical of a cyclic compound of the general formula (III)

where C is an alicyclic or heterocyclic group.

6) The compound according to at least one of claims 1 to 5 wherein A is a divalent radical of the formulae (a) to (g)

where R_1 and R_2 independently represent hydrogen, C_1 - C_{25} -alkyl, C_5 - C_{12} -cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{24} -aryl, C_1 - C_{25} -alkyl-(C_6 - C_{10} -aryl), a 5- to 7-membered

heteroaromatic radical having 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms from the group consisting of N, O and S, $-(CH_2)_n$ -COR₃ or $-(CH_2)_m$ -OR₄,

where R_3 is hydroxyl, amino or unsubstituted or singly or multiply hydroxyl- or amino-substituted C_1 - C_{25} -alkoxy, C_1 - C_{25} -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_{25} -alkyl)amino, C_6 - C_{24} -arylamino, di(C_6 - C_{24} -aryl)amino, C_1 - C_{25} -alkyl-(C_6 - C_{10} -aryl)amino or C_2 - C_{24} -alkenyloxy;

 R_4 is hydrogen or $-CO-(C_1-C_{25}-alkyl)$, and n and m are independently an integer from 0 to 6, and where a C-C unit in R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 may also be replaced by an ether unit C-O-C;

X is =O, =S or =NR₅, where R₅ has the same meaning as R₁ or R₂; Y is hydrogen, R₂, OR₂, SR₂, NHCN or NR₂R₅; and R₆ is hydrogen, halogen, CN, R₂, OR₂, SR₂, NR₂R₅, NO₂, SO₂(OR₂), SO₂NR₂R₅ or PO₂(OR₂).

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- 7) The compound according to claim 6 wherein R₁ and R₂ are hydrogen, C₁-C₁₈-alkyl, C₅-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₆-C₁₀-aryl, benzyl, pyridyl, pyrryl, thienyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, pyrimidyl, hydroxycarbonyl-C₀-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₁₈-alkoxycarbonyl-C₀-C₆-alkyl, aminocarbonyl-C₀-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₁₈-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₀-C₆-alkyl, C₆-C₁₀-arylaminocarbonyl-C₀-C₆-alkyl, di(C₁-C₁₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₀-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₁₈-alkyl-C₆-C₁₀-arylaminocarbonyl-C₀-C₆-alkyl or di(C₆-C₁₀-aryl)aminocarbonyl-C₀-C₆-alkyl.
- 8) The compound according to claim 6 or 7 wherein
 25 R₃ is hydroxyl, C₁-C₁₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₁₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₁₈-alkyl)amino, benzylamino, C₆-C₁₀-arylamino, di(C₆-C₁₀-aryl)amino or (C₂-C₁₈)-alkenyloxy.
- 9) The compound according to one or more of claims 6 to 8 wherein R₆ is hydrogen, Cl, Br, C₁-C₁₈-alkyl, C₅-C₆-cycloalkyl, benzyl, C₆-C₁₀-aryl, pyridyl, pyrryl, thienyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, pyrimidyl, C₁-C₁₈-alkoxy, C₆-C₁₀-aryloxy, C₁-C₁₈-alkylthio, C₆-C₁₀-arylthio, C₁-C₁₈-alkylamino, C₆-C₁₀-arylamino, di(C₁-C₁₈-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₁₈-alkyl-C₆-C₁₀-arylamino, di(C₆-C₁₀-aryl)amino, SO₃H, C₁-C₁₈-alkoxysulfonyl, C₁-C₁₈-alkylsulfonyl or di(C₁-C₁₈-alkyl)aminosulfonyl.

- 10) A process for preparing a compound according to at least one of claims 1 to 9, which comprises reacting 1,2,4,5-tetracyanobenzene with at least 2 equivalents of ammonia and/or alkoxides MOR_7 ,
- where M is sodium or potassium, R₇ is C₁-C₁₈-alkyl or –(CH₂)_m-OH and m is an integer from 1 to 6, and a C-C unit may also be replaced by an ether unit C-O-C, in a solvent or solvent mixture under basic to neutral conditions at a temperature in the range from -20 to 120°C to form tetra-, tri-, di- or monoimino-substituted benzodipyrroles,
- which are subsequently, in a solvent or solvent mixture under neutral to acidic conditions, reacted with at least 1 equivalent of a cyclic compound of the formula (VII)

- and if appropriate not more than 3 equivalents of H₂NR.
 - 11) The use of a compound according to at least one of claims 1 to 9 for dyeing or pigmenting organic or inorganic, high or low molecular weight materials.
- 20 12) The use according to claim 11 as colorants for electrophotographic toners and developers, for color filters, for electronic inks and also in optical layers for optical data storage.
- 13) A composition comprising an organic or inorganic, high or low molecular weight material and at least one of the compounds defined in one or more of claims 1 to 9 in an amount from 0.005% to 70% by weight, based on the organic or inorganic material.